

TABLE 2

Reserved acts for the practice of speech-language pathology	Description
1	Making a diagnosis of a speech, language or related communication dysfunction or disorder or a swallowing dysfunction or disorder and communicating it to an individual or his or her personal representative in circumstances in which it is reasonably foreseeable that the individual or representative will rely on the diagnosis to make a decision about the individual's health care.
2	Receiving reports of screening or diagnostic tests that (a) are ordered by a health care professional (other than a speech-language pathologist); and (b) are for the purpose of treating or diagnosing a communication or swallowing dysfunction or disorder.
4(a)	Inserting or removing an instrument or a device into the external ear canal for the purpose of (a) screening of hearing; or (b) inserting or removing a wearable hearing instrument.
4(b)	Inserting or removing an instrument or a device beyond the point in the nasal passages where they normally narrow for the purpose of assessing and managing communication and swallowing disorders.
4(c)	Inserting or removing an instrument or a device or finger beyond the pharynx for the purpose of (a) assessing and managing voice disorders and voice restoration; and (b) suctioning a tracheostomy.
4(g)	Inserting or removing an instrument or a device or finger into an artificial opening in the body for the purpose of (a) assessing and managing voice disorders and voice restoration; and (b) suctioning a tracheostomy.
9	Topically administering a drug that is an anaesthetic for the purpose of minimizing pain or discomfort to a client when performing a procedure during assessment and management of swallowing or voice disorders.
10(b)(vii)	Applying surface electromyography for the purpose of treating swallowing disorders.